

1. How is water stored on Earth during the water cycle? Water is stored in snow caps on mountains, glaciers, lakes, streams and ponds but most of the water is stored in the oceans.

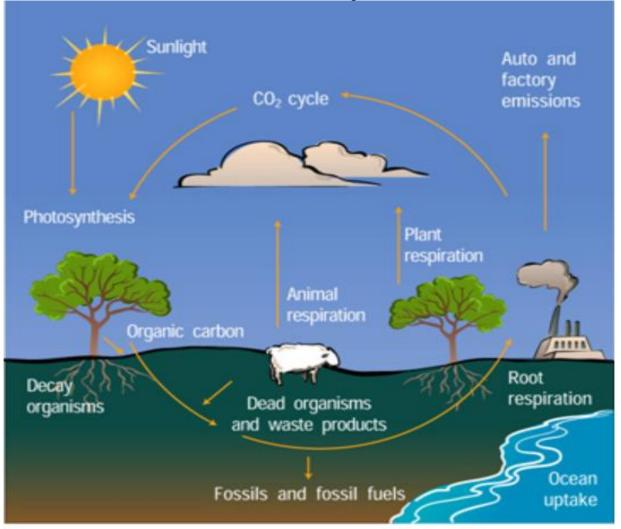
2. Water moves into the atmosphere through **evaporation** and **transpiration** and returns to the Earth through **precipitation**.

3. What is the difference between infiltration and runoff? **Infiltration: water soaks into the ground and is stored underground as ground water.**

Runoff: water flows along the surface of the Earth.

4. Where do groundwater and runoff usually end up? Ground water and runoff usually end up back in the oceans.

Carbon Cycle



1. Why is Carbon important? All living things are made up of carbon. Plants need carbon dioxide for photosynthesis.

2. What are seven places that carbon exists? In the atmosphere as carbon dioxide,

3. How does carbon enter the <u>biotic</u> part of the ecosystem, namely plants from the atmosphere? **Carbon enters plants as carbon dioxide CO₂. (BIOTIC = Living)**

4. How does it enter the soil? Carbon enters the soil when dead plants and animals (organisms) decay or by the waste products from animals.

5. How does carbon enter water? How do aquatic plants get carbon? Aquatic plants get carbon from dissolved carbon dioxide in the water. This CO₂ is released into the water by aquatic animals due to cellular respiration.

Name

Date

Period

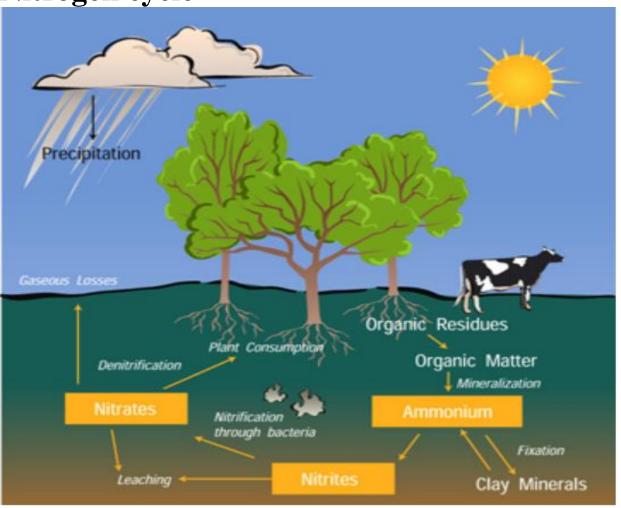
6. How do animals get carbon? Animals get carbon from the foods they eat. All living things are made up of molecules that contain carbon, such as glucose ($C_6 H_{12}O_6$) and other carbohydrates.

7. What are two ways carbon returns from animals into the water? Through cellular respiration CO₂ is released by aquatic animals into the water and by waste products and decay of dead organisms.

8. What is combustion, and how does it affect the carbon cycle? Combustion is burning of materials. Burning fossil fuels in cars and factories releases large amounts of carbon, as carbon dioxide, back into the cycle.

9. How does deforestation affect the carbon cycle? **Deforestation removes trees** from the environment, usually by burning. Burning releases carbon dioxide, but there are now fewer trees to capture the carbon dioxide and continue the cycle.

Name Nitrogen cycle



1. Why is nitrogen important? Nitrogen is important because both plants and animals need nitrogen for growth and to produce proteins and nucleic acids such as DNA.

2. How is nitrogen from the atmosphere, the abiotic part of the ecosystem, converted in to the biotic part of the ecosystem in organisms? **Bacteria known as "nitrogen fixing bacteria"** convert the nitrogen in the air into a biotic form.

3. How do consumers get nitrogen? From their food.

4. How does nitrogen return to the atmosphere? **Decomposers perform**

"denitrification" which returns nitrogen back to the atmosphere.

Name